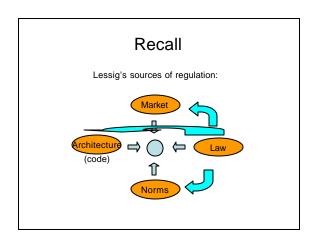
# Privacy and Modes of Regulation

# How do you feel about online privacy?

- "You have zero privacy anyway," Scott McNealy, Sun Microsystems CEO
- Do you take active steps to protect your privacy online?
- Do you feel others should have choices even where you don't exercise them?

#### Clickstreams

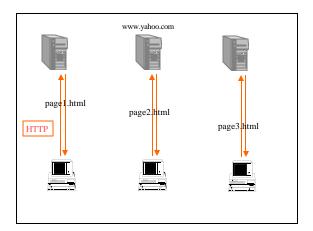
- Sample Access log
- <u>Junkbuster</u>
- Anonymizer

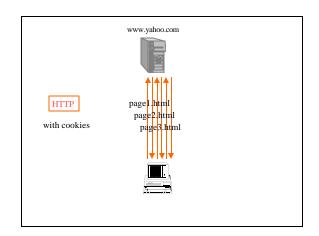


# How does this taxonomy apply to privacy?

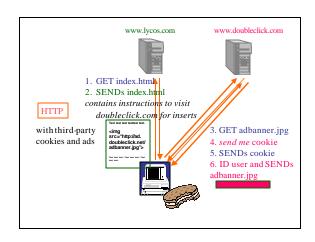
- Norms
- Markets
  - Including industry self-regulation, consumer self-help
- Code
- Law

- Fair Information Practices principles:
  - Notice
  - Choice
  - Access
  - Security









## **Privacy Regulation**

#### Law

- Substantive regulation: "You must offer these privacy protections."
  - EU Data Protection Directive: "Member States shall protect the fundamental rights and freedoms of natural persons, and in particular their right to privacy with respect to the processing of personal data," where "personal data" is "any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person.'
  - COPPA (Children's Online Privacy Protection Act)
- Procedural regulation: "You must accurately describe your privacy policy."

### COPPA, 15 U.S.C. 6501-6505

- Section 6502(b)(1) of the Act sets forth a series of general pri vacy protections to prevent unfair or deceptive online information collection from or about children, and directs the Commission to adopt regulations to implement those protections. The Act requires operators of websites directed to children and operators who knowingly collect personal information from children under age 13 to:

  1. Provide parents notice of their information practices;

  2. obtain prior verifiable parental consent for the collection, use, and/or disclosure of personal information from children (with certain I imited exceptions for the collection of "online contact information," e.g., an e-mail address);

  3. provide a parent, upon request, with the magazine.

- provide a parent, upon request, with the means to review the personal information collected from his/her child;
- provide a parent with the opportunity to prevent the further use of personal information that has already been collected, or the future collection of personal information from that child;
- personal information from that child; limit collection of personal information for a child's online participation in a game, prize offer, or other activity to information that is reasonably necessary for the activity; and establish and maintain reasonable procedures to protect the confidentiality, security, and integrity of the personal information collected.

#### Law

- In re: Geocities
  - FTC enforcement action
- In re: Doubleclick Privacy Litigation
  - Consumer class action

#### • Company A:

- "We collect no personally identifying information."
  - If they collect no PII
  - If they collect and store PII
  - If their website has third-party tracker cookies

#### · Company B:

- "We collect personally identifying information."
  - If they collect no PII
  - If they collect and store PII
  - If their website has third-party tracker cookies

#### • Company C:

- "We collect personally identifying information. We use information for the following general purposes: to customize the advertising and content you see, fulfill your requests for products and services, improve our services, contact you, conduct research, and provide anonymous reporting for internal and external clients."
  - If they use the PII to target ads
  - If they sell the PII to third parties

#### Company D:

- "We may update this policy at any time by changing the policy on our website."
  - Do they have to notify customers whose data they already have?

# Google Toolbar Chose Your Certificate Storm It is not the storm the chose of the book your colds, you the particular storm the store It is not the storm the chose of the chose Your Storm the storm of the storm It is not the storm the chose of the chose of the storm of the storm It is not the storm the chose of the chose of the storm of the storm Could be storm the chose of the chose of the chose your storm on the built storm, read in the chose storm the storm of the chose of the chose of the storm of the chose of the chose storm the chose of the

• Yahoo!

**TRUSTe** 

- General Web Privacy Program Requirement.
  ALL TRUSTe®-licensed sites must provide:
  ercontrols, including:
  An email unsubscribe function
  An optout function limiting the sharing of personally identifiable inforparties Access management permitting users to update stored PII or haveit changed by the Licensee
- Access indiagonemic permitting users to update source in on never changed by the Extense and provided the provided and an experimental provided and experimental pr

- Identity of the party collecting PII
  Whether PII is shared with third parties
  The use of any tracking technology
  Whether PII is supplemented with information from other sources
  Choice options available to consumers
  How consumers can access PII they have provided
  That there are security measures in place

- Procedures for filing and addressing consumer complaints

- File-deuties for mining and aduressing donsumer complaints didition, the privacy statement must: Be linked from the home page and from every page where PII is collected Bear the TRUSTe "Click to Verify" link so consumers know whether the company is a TRUSTe

#### TRUSTe Web Privacy Seal Process:

- Complete a Privacy Assessment Sign the Licensing Agreement, and complete the comprehensive site self -assessment form (See First Step).
- Participate in a Web Site Audit and Review An experienced TRUSTe account representative will review your site with you and suggest needed revisions before a seal is issued.
- Agree to Ongoing Monitoring and Dispute Resolution TRUSTe continues to monitor your site for compliance with our standards. If consumer complaints are filed, we facilitate alternative dispute resolution to resolve issues out of court.
- You are the Chief Privacy Officer at HooYah%, an Internet news You are the Chief Privacy Officer at HooYah%, an Internet news portal, webmail provider, and e-commerce site. You have been asked to write the company's privacy policy, and are being tom in two directions. The CFO is salivating over the prospect of offering advertisers detailed information on visitors, for which they will pay higher ad rates. Can he sell zTrade a list of people to whom HooYah% sends daily stock reports? Meanwhile, the PR director thinks the TRUSTe privacy seal (see <a href="http://www.truste.org/programs/pub\_principles.html">http://www.truste.org/programs/pub\_principles.html</a>) is an important reassurance to visitors and insists the site should qualify.
  - <a href="http://www.truste.org/programs/pub\_principles.html">http://www.truste.org/programs/pub\_principles.html</a>) is an important reassurance to visitors and insists the site should qualify to display one.
- Can you meet both of their demands? Consider options such as full disclosure in an obscurely written privacy policy, well hidden opt-out checkboxes, or co-branded email ads. If not, which one would you try to convince to back down?

  Would your answer differ if you were asked to put this policy into a P3P proposal a majority of web browsers would accept?

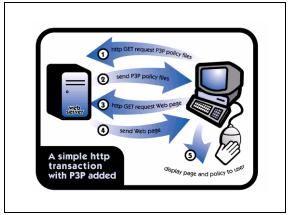




- General Web Privacy Program Requirement ALL TRUSTe®-licensed sites must provide:

- rontrols, including:
  An email unsubscribe function
  An optout function limiting the sharing of personally identifiable information (F
- Access management permitting users to update stored PII or have it changed by the Licensee

- parties
  Access management permitting users to update stored PII or haveit changed by the Licensee
  anuity, measures, ensuring;
  Secured Socket Layers (SSLs), or other comparable technology, that encrypts pages collecting
  complaint resolution process, providing;
  complaint resolution process, providing;
  complaint resolution process, providing;
  comprehensive contact information for appropriate Web site employees
  A link to the TRUSTe Watchdog site for third-party dispute resolution
  privary stateman including the following disclosures:
  What PI II is collected and how it will be used
  identity of the party collecting PII
  Whether PII is shared with third parties
  The use of any tracking technology
  Whether PI is supplemented with information from other sources
  Choice options available to consumers
  How consumers can access PII they have provided
  That there are security measures in place
  Procedures for filing and addressing consumer complaints
  addition, the privacy statement must:
  Be linked from the home page and from every page where PII is collected
  Beart the TRUSTe\* Click to Verify\* link so consumers know whether the company is a TRUSTe



#### P<sub>3</sub>P

- Code-based negotiation between user and website about the privacy terms that are acceptable to each
  - e.g., movie site provides generic information to unidentified user
  - city-specific information to user who gives zip code
  - discounts to user who registers by name
- Browser stops or offers user choice when it encounters an unacceptable term

## Google Ads

- Contextually-driven advertising
  - Even in your email inbox